

Purpose

This document should be read alongside the HSBC Life insurance product Key Information Document and provides you with specific information about this investment option (fund).

Product

| | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Name of Investment: | HLM European Opportunities Fund | Asset Manager: | HSBC Life Assurance (Malta) Ltd. |
| Identifier | MTA00008LF | Published Date: | 20 March 2021 |

What is this product?**Type**

Fund is a UCITS or PRIIPs product.

Intended retail investor

Retail and Professional Investors.

Objective

The underlying fund or funds seeks to achieve long-term capital growth expressed in euro by primarily investing in equities of companies domiciled in, or exercising the predominant part of their economic activities in Europe. The fund places particular emphasis on companies that exhibit growth investment characteristics. Currency risk arises from fluctuations in the value of the euro against the base currency of the underlying fund. The underlying fund may invest in financial derivatives, other financial instruments and engage in leverage which may result in the overall risk exposure of the underlying fund to exceed their total net assets. For the full investment objectives, investment policy and risk factors of the underlying fund please consult the current prospectus. For operational purposes the HLM Fund may hold a proportionately small amount of its holdings in cash.

What are the risks and what could I get in return?**Risk Indicator**

Lower risk

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

 Higher risk



The risk indicator assumes that you keep the investment for 5 years.

The actual risk can vary significantly if you cash in at an early stage and you may get back less.

The summary risk indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this investments compared to other investments. It shows how likely it is that this investment will lose money because of movements in the markets or because HSBC Life Assurance (Malta) Ltd. is not able to pay you.

We have classified this product as 4 out of 7, which is a medium risk class. This rates the potential losses from future performance at a medium level, and poor market conditions could impact the capacity of the PRIIPs manufacturer to pay you.

However, you may benefit from a consumer protection scheme (see the section "what happens if we are unable to pay out"). The indicator shown above does not consider this protection.

Performance scenarios

| Investment € 10,000 Scenarios | | 1 year | 3 years | 5 years (Recommended holding period) |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|---|
| Stress scenario | What you might get back after costs | € 5,433.29 | € 4,552.62 | € 3,506.49 |
| | Average return each year | -45.67 % | -23.07 % | -18.91 % |
| Unfavourable scenario | What you might get back after costs | € 8,697.25 | € 8,653.44 | € 9,044.25 |
| | Average return each year | -13.03 % | -4.71 % | -1.99 % |
| Moderate scenario | What you might get back after costs | € 10,813.80 | € 12,597.94 | € 14,676.44 |
| | Average return each year | 8.14 % | 8.00 % | 7.98 % |
| Favourable scenario | What you might get back after costs | € 13,362.56 | € 18,227.42 | € 23,669.22 |
| | Average return each year | 33.63 % | 22.15 % | 18.81 % |

The scenarios shown illustrate how your investment could perform. You can compare them with the scenarios of other products.

The scenarios presented are an estimate of future performance based on evidence from the past on how the value of this investment varies, and are not an exact indicator. What you get will vary depending on how the market performs and how long you keep the investment/product.

The stress scenario shows what you might get back in extreme market circumstances, and it does not take into account the situation where HSBC Life Assurance (Malta) Ltd. are not able to pay you.

Market developments in the future cannot be accurately predicted. The scenarios shown are only an indication of some of the possible outcomes based on recent returns. Actual returns could be lower.

What are the costs?

The Reduction in Yield (RIY) shows what impact the total costs you pay will have on the investment return you might get. The total costs take into account one-off, ongoing and incidental costs.

The amounts shown here are the cumulative costs of the product itself, for three different holding periods. They include potential early exit penalties. The figures assume you invest €10,000. The figures are estimates and may change in the future.

Costs over time

| Investment € 10,000 Scenarios | If you cash in after 1 year | If you cash in after 3 years | If you cash in after 5 years |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Total costs | € 220.59 | € 786.77 | € 1,559.22 |
| Impact on return (RIY) per year | 2.21 % | 2.20 % | 2.20 % |

The person selling you or advising you about this investment may charge you other costs. If so, this person will provide you with information about these costs, and show you the impact that all costs will have on your investment over time.

Composition of costs

The table below shows:

- The impact each year of the different types of costs on the investment return you might get at the end of the recommended holding period.
- The meaning of the different cost categories

| This table shows the impact on return per year | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------|---|
| One-off costs | Entry costs | 0.00 % | The impact of the costs you pay when entering your investment. This is the most you will pay, and could pay less. |
| | Exit costs | 0.00 % | The impact of the costs of exiting your investment when it matures. |
| Ongoing costs | Portfolio transaction costs | 0.24 % | The impact of the costs of us buying and selling underlying investments for the product. |
| | Other ongoing costs | 1.96 % | The impact of the costs that we take each year for managing your investments. |

Occasionally, the portfolio transaction costs shown could be negative. This happens when the investment manager has been able to buy investments at a rate lower than the market rate. The benefit of such a discount will be reflected in the costs and projected figures shown in this document.